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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/031,599	05/22/2002	Ludovic Petit	Q68159	6533

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EXAMINER

WILLATT, STEPHANIE L

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

3732

DATE MAILED: 06/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/031,599

Applicant(s)

PETIT ET AL.

Examiner

Stephanie L. Willatt

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 May 2005.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-8 and 10-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lina et al. in view of Brakarz et al. and Schneider, as evidenced by Dobbs et al.

Lina et al. discloses all of the features of the spray pump, including a pump (4). The pump (4) has an initial dead stroke, actuating the pump starting only after the dispensing head has traveled over the dead stroke, as discussed in column 3, line 64 to column 4, line 68. The product is only sprayed once the piston rod (52) has traveled over the dead stroke for each time the piston rod (52) moves from the rest position to the dispensing position during operation of the device. The fluid dispensed by Lina et al. oxidizes if it comes into contact with air (column 1, lines 5-22). The pump (4) has a dosing chamber (column 5, lines 46-64).

Lina et al. does not disclose the type of dispensing head used. Brakarz et al. discloses a dispensing head (pressing button 9) with a spray nozzle insert and a spray profile (atomizer insert 10), as shown in Figure 1. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the dispensing

head of Brakarz et al. on the spray pump of Lina et al., in order to atomize the fluid when it is dispensed.

Lina et al. does not disclose a closure system including a closure element.

Dobbs et al. disclose a spray device with similar spray components to Lina et al. Dobbs et al. disclose a sidewall portion (43) that scrapes a discharge orifice to clean it off between uses. Dobbs et al. evidences a need for pump sprayers to have a feature for scraping off the spray orifice.

In the embodiment of Figures 2-4, 6, and 7, Schneider discloses a pasty fluid dispenser device comprising a fluid reservoir (storage chamber) with a pump (compression chamber 38) mounted to it. A dispensing head (pushbutton member 1) is mounted to the pump (compression chamber 29) to move between a rest position and a dispensing position, and it has a dispensing orifice (116). The device comprises a closure system (tubular guide portion 110) fixed to the reservoir (storage chamber) and it comprises a closure element (masking element 113) suitable for closing off the dispensing orifice (116) from the outside when the dispensing head (pushbutton member 1) is in the rest position. The closure system (tubular guide portion 110) is implemented in the form of a hollow sleeve disposed around the dispensing head. The hollow sleeve has, on one side, the closure element (masking element 113) disposed above the opening, and on another side, a cutout through which the dispensing head (pushbutton member 1) projects so that it can be actuated by the user, as discussed in column 6, lines 44-65. While the dispensing head (pushbutton member 1) is returning from its dispensing position to its rest position after the dispensing member has been

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actuated, the closure element (masking element 113) slides snugly over the zone situated around the dispensing orifice (116), so as to remove any trace of fluid at the dispensing orifice (116), as discussed in column 5, lines 23-32. The closure system (tubular guide portion 110) is snap-fastened to the neck of the reservoir, as shown in Figures 6 and 7.


It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the spray pump of Lina et al. with a closure system including a closure element, as taught by Schneider, in order to scrape off the dispensing orifice between uses, which is a desirable function of spray devices, as evidenced by Dobbs et al.


Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephanie L. Willatt whose telephone number is (571) 272-4721. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin P. Shaver can be reached on (571) 272-4720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).


slw


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